

TIRE MAINTENANCE

Make sure you inflate this vehicle's tires and monitor the treads for wear. Check tire pressure using a tire gauge and tread wear at every fuel fill-up. You can find the recommended tire pressure on the label inside the driver's side door or door pillar. Your vehicle may include a Tire Pressure Monitoring System (TPMS) which is NOT a substitute for manually checking tire pressure. Visit www.checkmytires.org for additional information.

Tires degrade over time depending on many factors such as weather, storage conditions, and conditions of use (load, speed, inflation pressure, etc.) experienced throughout the life of the tires. In general, tires should be replaced after six years regardless of tread wear. Heat caused by hot climates or frequent high-loading conditions, however, can accelerate the aging process and may require you to replace the tires more frequently. You should replace your spare tire when you replace the road tires or after six years due to aging even if you never used it.

Do not use replacement tires with lower load-carrying capacities than the original tires. A van or wagon equipped with "E" load-rated tires must use "E" load-rated tires as replacements, for example. Exceeding any vehicle weight or load-rating limitation could result in serious damage to the vehicle, loss of vehicle control, vehicle rollover and/or personal injury. Note: Replacement tires with a higher limit than that of the originals do not increase the payload capacity. See the Owner's Manual for more information.

Please store this safety guide inside the vehicle along with the Owner's Manual materials.

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VAN AND WAGON QUICK REFERENCE SAFETY GUIDE

This information card provides supplemental safety tips for driving a passenger van and wagon. Please refer to your Owner's Manual for additional important safety information



Every day, millions of people put their trust in the safety and security of Ford Motor Company vehicles. By following the safety tips in this reference guide, you can help ensure the protection of you and your passengers while traveling. Thank you for driving with care and making the roads safer.



DRIVING

You should operate vans and wagons at a safe speed, which in some conditions may be less than the posted speed limit.

All passengers must wear safety belts.

- Passengers can dramatically reduce their risk of being killed or seriously injured in a crash by wearing their safety belts.
- Organizations that own vans and wagons should have a written safety belt use policy.
- Drivers should be responsible for enforcing the policy.

Drivers must be well-rested, alert and maintain a safe speed for weather and road conditions.

Drivers should keep their eyes on the road and hands on the steering wheel.

Drivers must be especially cautious on curved roads and maintain a safe speed to avoid running off the road.

If the vehicle's wheels proceed off the roadway, gradually reduce speed and steer back onto the roadway when it is safe to do so. Avoid abrupt maneuvers to return the vehicle to the roadway.

Your vehicle may be equipped with AdvanceTrac® with Roll Stability Control™. Remember that even advanced technology cannot overcome the laws of physics. It's always possible to lose control of a vehicle due to inappropriate driver input for the conditions.

In the event of a flat tire or tread separation, gradually slow down the vehicle and avoid abrupt maneuvers.

Because vans and wagons are substantially longer, wider and heavier than cars, they:

- Require more space and additional reliance on the sideview mirrors for changing lanes.
- Do not respond as quickly to abrupt steering maneuvers.
- Require additional braking time and distance.

An organization that owns an extended length van or wagon should select one or two experienced drivers to drive the vehicle on a regular basis.

LOADING

Drivers must operate this van or wagon differently from a passenger car. Because of its design to carry very heavy loads, the extra weight can affect stopping distance and maneuverability. Additionally, the higher center of gravity and other features may reduce this vehicle's ability to make abrupt maneuvers and may increase the risk of rollover compared to a passenger car.

Do not place any loads on the roof of passenger vans or wagons. This raises the center of gravity, which increases the risk of rollover.

When loading your wagon, passengers should fill the front rows of seats first.

The number of passengers in the vehicle should not exceed the number of available safety belt restraint systems.

Do not exceed the weight limits specified on the certification label. Exceeding any vehicle weight rating limitation could result in serious damage to the vehicle, loss of vehicle control, vehicle rollover and personal injury. Please refer to your Owner's Manual for additional important information on vehicle weight limits.

Towing trailers beyond the maximum recommended gross trailer weight could result in a loss of vehicle control, vehicle rollover and personal injury. Please refer to your Owner's Manual for more information on towing.